

# The Intelligencer.

Office: Nos. 25 and 27 Fourteenth Street.  
This fair is a success.  
The fair will survive.  
Go to the fair. The last day.

YANBONT is always safe, but this year she is safer.

ALEXANDER is coming home to his mother-in-law. What luck!

Why was Uncle Dan Leonard following around Grandfather Camden? And if so, for what?

The venerable hat of Judge Brannon was not among the attractions of the Fair yesterday.

SENATOR CAMDEN was so anxious to meet the citizens of Ohio county that he took in the fair. The citizens rest easy.

Was Senator Camden fined by the Ohio County Executive committee for jockeying among the politicians at the Fair? If so, how much?

They are already disputing over methods of punishing Geronimo. Some are in favor of hanging, while others argue that he ought to be sent to Florida.

The talk of Ernest Schilling having received \$15,000 to part with his wife's soul, like a horse. Old Mr. Morosini is not the man to give up \$15,000 for a Schilling.

Dr. KINO ALEXANDER, of Bulgaria, is likely to become a Colonel in the British army. In this way he might sooner or later get a whack at the boss who deposed him.

The "humanity" of the assemblage of the democracy on the Fair Grounds yesterday counts for something. In other words, the song is that old song "when shall we three meet again?" This does not of course refer to the amiable men who stretch themselves together in the quarter stretch and shook hands with every stray straw they met.

The numerous old friends of Gov. F. H. Porport, of Fairmont, W. Va., were glad to see him among us once more, moving about on the Fair Grounds and at other points in our community. The venerable Governor has a host of friends among the people, as was evidenced by the hearty greetings which they gave him on every hand. He is one of the men whom West Virginia can never forget, and who rendered service to her in her darkest hour that has never been sufficiently appreciated.

## FUNNY CAMPAIGN.

Two Brothers, Bitter Campaigners in Joint Debate in Tennessee.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Sept. 10.—What promises to be the most interesting campaign in this State for many years was opened yesterday, at Madisonville, with a joint discussion between Hon. Robert Taylor, Democratic candidate for Governor, and his brother, Alfred A. Taylor, Republican nominee. Over three thousand people were present, many having gone fifty miles to witness the unique spectacle of two brothers contending for the office. The Democratic candidate is familiarly known, was met a few miles from town by a large procession headed by a brass band. His brother entered town by another road, with a company of five hundred men on horseback, headed by a band. A stand had been erected for the speakers and handsomely decorated with streamers and flowers.

Each speaker consumed about two hours with short rejoinders. "All" led off with a speech against Democratic principles and institutions, both State and National. After he had finished, he introduced his brother by saying that he was a gentleman for whom he had the best regard. The crowd was already at a tremendous pitch of excitement, and when this took place they went fairly wild.

"Bob" is the candidate of the young democracy. The young men were almost beside themselves with enthusiasm when he stepped to the front of the platform and bowed. His speech was well filled with anecdotes and occasional flashes of wit. He has a reputation as a story teller and when his brother rises something of a heavy nature at him he turns out with a tremendous display of wit and humor. Friends of both candidates are perfectly satisfied with the debate.

## Situation at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 10.—Not much is stirring to-day beyond the evidence everywhere of putting things in shape again. The Board of Survey is busily at work and has recommended several changes to the front of the platform and the massive front of the News and Courier building and its job office must come down, but the building containing the composing room and press room is pronounced safe. There is still some room for doubt that the injury to the city will exceed the estimate of \$50,000. A review develops damages previously unknown, as in the case of the News and Courier building. For example the Relief Committee has opened a registry for mechanics desiring employment where citizens can communicate with them and make engagements.

## Relief for Charleston.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—The Charleston relief committee of the Chamber of Commerce met to-day it was reported by Treasurer Brown that up to the present time he has received such contributions amounting to \$31,221, out of which the Mayor of Charleston had been paid a draft of \$20,500 since yesterday an treasurer had received \$7,122 which included \$300 from Jay Gould, \$1,000 from the Bank of America, \$500 from the United States National Bank and from Robert Lenox Kennedy.

## Nine Distinct Kennedy.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALA., Sept. 10.—Capt. W. E. Plummer, of the steamer Mary D. Howe, which arrived in port last night, reports that while sixteen miles north-west of Point Reyes, yesterday, nine distinct shocks of earthquake were felt. The vibrations were from north of east to south of west. They were not felt in San Francisco.

## An Ohio Town on Fire.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 10.—A Commercial Gazette special from Parkersburg, W. Va., says: The town of Bartlett, O., is threatened with destruction by fire. A jewelry store has already burned. The flames are still raging.

## Little His Son.

LOWELL, MASS., Sept. 10.—John Shy, a drunken quarrel with another man to-night, threw a brick at him, but hit his own son, 4 years old, on the head, crushing the skull. He was arrested.

# ROMANCE OF THE WAR.

## THE VERY SENSATIONAL ARREST

Of a Physician who Buried a Pot of Gold During the War, and After Many Years Raised a Syndicate to Hunt for It—An Ignis Fatuus—The Denouement.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The Times New Orleans, La., special says: Dr. George J. Adams, of Massachusetts, was arrested here to-day charged with unbecomingly a number of persons whom he defrauded out of money to search for a hidden treasure. Adams claims to have been a practicing physician in Massachusetts when the war broke out. He shouldered a musket and joined Company A, Seventeenth Massachusetts Volunteers. A portion of the command came with Butler to New Orleans. In a foraging expedition three soldiers of the regiment entered a dwelling on the Magnolia plantation, twenty miles above New Orleans, on the right bank of the river, and carried off some \$30,000 in gold and silver, \$1,800 of it in silver half dollars, \$1,000 in dollars and the remainder in gold. Being afraid to enter the city with so much money, on reaching the grove about half a mile from the locks at the canal opposite Greenville, they selected a tree prominent for its size and some peculiarities about its appearance which made it conspicuous. At the foot of this tree they buried the money and then took bearings, one of the party being a civil engineer. Each of the three men, furnished with a copy of this, and returned to New Orleans intending to return after the war and recover the money.

His two companions were killed and Adams was desperately wounded. Soon after Adams was taken to a Northern hospital and left paralyzed and helpless. When he recovered the use of his limbs only a month ago he returned to New Orleans and at once began to search for this treasure. He found to his dismay that all the older trees had been cut down and only the young ones were left, and was consequently unable to find the place where the treasure was buried. He devoted himself, however, for three weeks in delving for it. A few days ago he took several other parties into partnership with him, who advanced \$50,000 each for surveying land and digging for the money, but as he has not unearthed no treasure his partners had him arrested to-day.

## DEMOCRATIC HARMONY.

A Specimen of the Ideal Democratic Article with a Hint to Detroit.

DETROIT, MICH., Sept. 10.—A study of the harmony existing in certain Democratic sections of this State is highly edifying. John J. Enright, late Chairman of the State Central Committee, in calling the State Democratic Convention to order began his remarks by saying: "The harmony existing in our party to-day presages a proud era in the history of Michigan Democracy," and yet Mr. Enright has been engaged in as bitter a factional fight in this Congressional district as has ever been known. Boss Don D. Dickinson did not like Congressman Maybury, and Congressman Enright that he should have Maybury's place. Naturally Maybury's friends objected to having him shelved so unceremoniously, and a fight ensued. The Chairman of the District Committee was a friend of Maybury, and called a convention to meet in this city to-day.

Other members of the same committee, who were accustomed to sneer when Dickinson took snuff, called another convention, naming the same time and place. This was done after Maybury had written a letter, saying he would not be a candidate if he could not get the nomination, which was taken to mean that he withdrew absolutely. However, his friends rallied around him, and he announced himself as still in the race. At night the caucuses were held and numerous fist-fights, mud-buzzing and several casting delegations resulted. Feeling ran high and an exciting time was anticipated at to-day's convention. As the hour for the meeting approached, a force of twenty-five police blazed into the hall and prepared to preserve the peace. Maybury was there, strong to be down without a hard fight, so that Boss Dickinson ordered a compromise, which resulted in the selection of Judge Chas. H. Smith to prevent a permanent split. The convention a permanent organization was not effected, all who claimed to be delegates being allowed to vote.

Another sample of the "harmony" referred to by Chairman Enright is to be found in the Sixth District, where the Democrats and Greenbackers devoted long hours to the attempt to fuse. Finally gave up the attempt in disgust. When the Greenbackers were allowed to name the Fusion candidate for Governor it was agreed that the Democrats should be allowed to name the Fusion candidate for Congress.

But in the Sixth District this agreement seems to have been ignored. Ex-Governor Beagle wanted to be candidate for Governor once more, and when Yapple was given that place he turned his back on Congress. John M. Potter, of Lansing, and on him was turned a storm of abuse. Beagle issued a circular, accusing Potter of failing to account for party funds, and offering a reward for the sake of hush money.

Potter gave the lie to the charges, and the fight waxed exceedingly warm. Potter was finally nominated by the Greenbackers, who notified the Democrats that they would not support him. The Democrats could accept Potter or no one. The Democrats, where it was very bitter, the Convention being one continued fight from start to finish. Potter appeared before the Democrats in his own behalf, making a long speech in denial of Beagle's charges. Battering continued until after midnight, when an adjournment was had until morning, but the delegates wrangled hour after hour, daylight alone dispersing them. On resuming the "fight" this morning, L. H. Bailey, of Holly, was elected. The Democrats were victorious, secured by the split. Surely Michigan Democratic harmony is an edifying spectacle!

## Deserted by Family.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 10.—Marjorie Pressburger, a clothing merchant of this city, has waived examination on a charge of having willfully deserted his wife. The story of Mrs. Pressburger is a sad one. Ten years ago she was married to Pressburger in St. Louis, where she was a belle. They removed to San Francisco, where they were very prosperous in business, and where Pressburger devoted more time to other women than to his wife. He finally deserted his wife and children and came east and settled in this city. Here he married Miss Tillie Norton, daughter of Jacob Norton, notwithstanding stories were circulated about his having another wife. Mrs. Pressburger followed him with the children. She arrived here yesterday, and at once charged the arrest of her husband. Pressburger claims that he married Miss Norton because his wife had procured a divorce from him in California on the ground of his infidelity. The wife denied this statement. Pressburger will go before the Grand Jury.

# NEARLY A HOLocaust.

A Fire at Steubenville That Nearly Borders on a Disaster.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

STREUBENVILLE, O., Sept. 10.—The Herald says: A few minutes before 4 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sent into the Reliance and Phoenix engine houses, and a moment later those efficient companies were tearing along the streets at rapid speed in the direction of the Fifth ward, where the fire had been located. The alarm was occasioned by the burning of the dwelling of James and Mrs. James F. Stephens, situated on Sixth avenue, between Madison and Franklin. At this early hour, as some toiler was going to work, in passing along the scene of the conflagration, he discovered flames and smoke issuing from the house and a fireman's shout to "get out" was heard. He immediately gave the alarm, which was heard by Mr. Bueche, a neighbor, and Officer Gordon. About the same time, Mr. Stephens, who with his family occupy the front second story room, awakened over the fire and a sleeping room, was also awakened by a feeling of suffocation, and was horrified to find the flames licking up the carpet and furniture around the bed. He took in the situation at a glance, and with great rapidity and coolness, he and his family, which consisted of his wife and four children, escaped to the street. The mother, a baby four years old.

Paralyzed with fright, the children started for the stairs, which led up from the storeroom, but found the door closed. They then tried to escape in that direction had been cut off by the flames. By this time the flames had gained great headway in the room, and something had to be done quickly. Mr. Stephens took the children and his wife, and they escaped to the street. The mother, a baby four years old.

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## MR. MACDUFF'S WIFE.

The Singular Marital Troubles of a New York Diamond Broker.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Miss Minnie Macduff, the wife of Mr. John S. Macduff, diamond broker, was a prisoner at Jefferson Market to-day charged with malicious mischief. The couple have not lived together since Thanksgiving Day, 1885, when Mrs. Macduff shot Mr. Macduff. After the bullet was extracted Mr. Macduff died. The wife was charged with malicious mischief. The couple have not lived together since Thanksgiving Day, 1885, when Mrs. Macduff shot Mr. Macduff. After the bullet was extracted Mr. Macduff died. The wife was charged with malicious mischief.

## HOW HE LOST IT.

Assignee Annals, of Archbishop Purcell, Edited Told the Story of His Disgrace.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 10.—John B. Mannix, the embezzling assignee of the late Archbishop Purcell's estate, told a story of shame and dishonor in a crowded courtroom to-day. "I got to speculating," said he, "and lost my head. Everything went against me, but I kept on, hoping to make something out of it. I had been a little for myself, and never dreaming of the possibility of such misfortune as had overtaken him. As soon as the assignment was made he invested \$10,000 in the money market, and called on the stock market. He was a great craze for this stock after the lease of the road, and Mannix got twenty-five shares with the credit of the money. Shortly after this the stock went down and the assignee lost heavily. Then he saw capitalists buying Mount Adams Street Railroad stock, and he at once invested, buying fifty shares at nine cents. This was a per cent. bond, but as he was starting him in the face. With the recklessness of despair he hurried to Pitts B. Burt, a prominent speculator, and gave him a large sum to invest in New York Central. Then he bought 100 shares of Western Union, and the same day he bought 100 shares of the same stock. At the end of his speculations he was \$183,000 in debt. Mannix declared repeatedly that after he had lost \$50,000 in these investments were made with the hope of saving the creditors' money, and a sensational incident of the day was Mannix's charge that the State was in liquidation. Burt, the speculator, the wife was passed around pretty freely, and the court adjourned amid excitement.

## SCILLING GONE, TOO.

The Cockman Said to Have Taken \$15,000 from Mr. Morosini.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—All the stories about Mr. Schilling, the daughter of Banker Morosini, and the wife of Coachman Schilling, having gone to a convent have been denied and it is now generally believed that she has gone to some of her relatives. Those who know where she is in hiding refuse to tell, and her father and mother decline absolutely to talk about her.

Another chapter has been added to the story by the sudden disappearance of the young woman's husband, Ernest Schilling. He quit railroading on the Sixth Avenue Line yesterday, and yesterday packed his trunk and left his boarding house, at No. 248 West Thirty-ninth street. His landlady said she knew nothing about him and no one else seemed to know. He had asked the superintendent for two days' leave, and when he arrived he took his disappearance as vouching the truth of the report that he had been paid \$15,000 by Mr. Morosini to leave the firm and go to Europe. The Board of directors of the Hudson River Railroad Company has no authority to extend the term from one month to another. If the court refuses to grant a rehearing, the decision of the Supreme Court, and the judge of that court will render a decision upon the petition for a rehearing. If the opinion is adverse to the prisoner, he will doubtless be released. The Board of directors of the Hudson River Railroad Company has no authority to extend the term from one month to another. If the court refuses to grant a rehearing, the decision of the Supreme Court, and the judge of that court will render a decision upon the petition for a rehearing. If the opinion is adverse to the prisoner, he will doubtless be released.

## CLUBBING LAST CHANCE.

The Petition for a Rehearing of the Case. Other Richmond Items.

RICHMOND, VA., Sept. 10.—To-morrow the counsel for Thomas J. Cluverius, the convicted murderer of Miss Fannie Lillian Madison, will present, at Stanton, a petition for a rehearing of the case. The petition will be confined entirely to law points, the greatest being the one that the Hudson River Railroad Company has no authority to extend the term from one month to another. If the court refuses to grant a rehearing, the decision of the Supreme Court, and the judge of that court will render a decision upon the petition for a rehearing. If the opinion is adverse to the prisoner, he will doubtless be released.

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# FROM MELANCHOLY.

A MOTHER'S AWFUL DEED.

She Ends her own Life and is Found With her Baby Clasped to her Breast—The Children Survive the Mother's Aim.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Frank Comfort, a widow, 26 years old, made a desperate and perhaps successful attempt this afternoon to end the lives of her two children and herself. Since her husband died about a year ago, she has had several fits of melancholy. Strange noises in her apartment to-day caused neighbors to break in. Mrs. Comfort was found lying on a bed, and clasped in her arms were her children, aged two years and seven months respectively. Upon the floor was an empty bottle marked corrosive sublimate. She was conscious but hysterically resisted any attempt to save her life. The two babes were in a stupor. Their mother was soon a corpse. To-night at the hospital the little ones were still alive, and it was thought they had a chance to recover. The mother has been out of her mind for some time, and seemed to have had no friends.

## He May Recover.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 10.—Golden Smith, a 20-year-old son of Judge Fayette Smith, attempted to kill himself at his father's residence in Avondale yesterday. He has been in school until this summer, when he went into business at Middletown, O. Night before last he came home and seemed much depressed. Yesterday morning, after breakfast the family were startled by the report of a pistol coming from his room. When they opened the door he was found lying on the floor with a revolver by his side and a bullet hole in his left side. The physician has some hope of his recovery. When the doctor was called for their lives, Officer Gordon hurried to the scene, and the father was telephoning to the fire department, but finding the office door locked, he was unable to reach them by this means, and was compelled to call on the Bell Telephone company house where he notified the company of the fire.

Both companies made admirable time and had it not been for their activity the entire square, which is built up of frame houses, might have suffered by this time. The house was completely gutted by the flames, and Mr. Stephens' stock of groceries, household goods, clothes and feed everything in the house and store were completely destroyed. The walls of the house were left standing and five men, including the police, are at the scene. The loss will reach \$25,000. On the house there is an insurance of \$800 in the Boatman's Company of Pittsburgh and \$10,000 in the Columbia Mutual. Mr. Stephens had served thirty years as a volunteer fireman in this city, but says this was the closest call he ever had.

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## WHERE IS BEECHER'S SON?

The Ex-Collector Fails to Explain an Apparent Deficiency in His Accounts.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 10.—The Treasury officials are having considerable difficulty in settling the accounts of ex-Collector Henry F. Beecher, son of the Brooklyn divine. More than a year ago he was appointed collector at Port Townsend on the Pacific coast, and served until rejected by the Senate near the close of the recent session. When he gave up his office, the 5th of last month, to a deputy, there was a transaction involving \$30,000. The collector had received a quantity of opium at Port Townsend made during Beecher's incumbency. It was his duty to deposit the amount to the credit of the Treasury Department, but when his vouchers came along there was but \$30,000 accounted for as deposited. This amount had been put in bank but a few days before the Senate rejected Beecher's nomination, and there was an apparent deficiency of \$3,500.

Letters and telegrams were sent to Port Townsend, and the result was that no word had been received in reply. Incidentally it was ascertained that the deputy left in charge of the office had expended the amount in question for an expensive vacation, and he is not a bondholder, he has no right to do. Meanwhile the vouchers are held up for an explanation from Beecher, and the Treasury officials are at a loss to know what to do. It is not much chance for his reappointment by the President.

## Warning to Mariners.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—The Light House Board gives notice that the light-ship moored to mark the wreck of the steamer Oregon, off Long Island coast, will be removed about the first of next November. Mariners are warned that the removal of the light-ship does not imply that danger from the wreck has ceased to exist; but the danger has been marked for months, and as long as the Board can maintain the light-ship there without expense the amount in question for collection. Oregon are responsible for the failure to have the obstructions of the wreck removed.

## Badly Jarred.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—A special from Crawfordsville, Ind., says: Miss Lulu Bates, of Cincinnati, made an ascension in a gas balloon from the Fair Grounds to-day and came near losing her life. When five miles north and half a mile above the earth she attempted to descend. The grappling hook caught but the anchor was broken by a strong wind, which carried her around some trees where the balloon was torn. The hooks gave way again, and she shot up three hundred feet when the balloon suddenly burst and the basket descended like lightning. She had been in the air for about an hour, and was badly jarred. She was badly jarred, however.

# THE INDIAN WAR.

Miles' Mild Protest—Great Rejoicing in Arizona.

TOMBSTONE, ARIZ., Sept. 10.—Some interesting facts regarding the part taken by General Miles in securing the removal of the hostile Apaches from Arizona have come to the knowledge of your correspondent. When Chitto Chatto was petitioned and praised by the various Departments at Washington and it was decided that he should return to the San Carlos reservation and receive proper treatment, and the Secretary decided to have him return, they started him from Washington without notifying General Miles. The latter considers this a discourtesy proceeding on the part of the Government, and at once wrote a vigorous protest against the return of the marauder, and ordered that he and his companions be meanwhile detained in Kansas until Secretary Endicott could be heard from. The Secretary telegraphed to General Miles that if he and his companions were not presented to him at once, Chitto and his friends would be sent to the reservation at Fort Smith.

General Miles at once notified Secretary Endicott that he would forward his protest against the return of the hostile Apaches to the reservation. Following is a portion of the reply: "You ask me why I desire the removal of the Apaches from the Territory? I will tell you in as few words as possible. I ask you in the name of the Territory whose prospects and progress have been blasted and retarded by the heinous cruelties of those Indians. I ask you in the name and on behalf of the widows and fatherless children whose lives have been wrecked and whose souls are being tortured by the memories of the raids of these fiends. I ask you in the name of the thousands of lives that have been offered up as a sacrifice to the reservation system. Finally, I ask you in the name of civilization, which has never been able to subvert the Territory so long as the Indians are allowed periodically to terrorize the country."

## Joy Over Their Deliverance.

TOMBSTONE, ARIZ., Sept. 10.—The captive Apaches were put into a securely locked box car on a special train from Fort Bowie yesterday with orders that no stop be made until the train reaches St. Antonio. The people of Arizona are wild with joy over their deliverance from the Apaches. Mass meetings are being held everywhere, at which resolutions of thanks to General Miles and Captain Lawton are passed.

## Tombstoned by an Apache Chief.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Sept. 10.—Warshaw, a Sioux chief, was killed with a tomahawk by Graciosa, an Apache chief, at Dickson, Tenn., on Wednesday night. The Indians belonged to a "Wild West" show, managed by Captain Stiles. The murderer was of a sullen disposition, while his victim was loquacious.

## Poisoned at Wedding.

DECATUR, ILL., Sept. 10.—About fifty people were mysteriously poisoned at a country wedding about five miles west of here on Wednesday night, and yesterday all the available physicians were hard at work attending the afflicted persons, who were retching and vomiting violently. Thomas W. Jacobs and Miss Alice Glasgow were married at the house of the bride's father. The supper service arrived at 9 o'clock, and included chicken salad, fried and boiled chicken, and all ate heartily. An hour later the bride and groom were taken sick, manifesting symptoms of having been poisoned. The bride and groom and left the house, and the rest of the party remained. The bride and groom were taken sick, manifesting symptoms of having been poisoned. The bride and groom and left the house, and the rest of the party remained.

## He Has Been Sane.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—Old John Baird, the Scotch elevated road engineer, appeared before a sheriff's jury and in proceedings to be brought to establish the question of his sanity. The suit was brought by his children, because he left his wife. In his testimony Mr. Baird said he was born near Glasgow, Scotland, in 1820. He was the builder of the first propeller that went from New York to San Francisco, and was the first one that went around Cape Horn without stopping on the way to coal up. He built over forty vessels from the Cronwell Company and invested \$100,000 in it, and recognizing the merit of the elevated road system, he mortgaged his house for \$10,000 to invest in the system. He was constructing engineer of the road, but refused to accept his salary of \$10,000 a year until the road was completed.

## Labors Combination.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 10.—The Knights of Labor and the Central Labor Union and other labor organizations of this city have combined under the name of the United Labor Party and will have a convention of delegates from the various assemblies and unions on October 7 for the purpose of nominating a full city Congressional and Legislative ticket. Their central committee has recently been in conference with the Greenback committee, and an alliance with them will probably be formed. Prominent Knights of Labor say that the new party will have the balance of power in the coming elections and if they cannot elect their own candidates they can elect those of either opposing party as they wish.

## Colton Works Strike.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Notice has been served upon the operatives occupying houses owned by the Augusta factory that they must vacate at once as the houses are wanted for operatives who are going to be employed by the Augusta factory. The operatives have been allowed to occupy the houses belonging to the factories without paying rent. Everything continues quiet and undisturbed about the mills, only a few hands are working in the picker room. The operatives are still being made to compromise the difference between the factory and employees. Very few of the 3,000 hands out of employment have left the city. They are waiting for an adjustment of the difference, preferring to remain here idle than to seek work elsewhere.

## Trouble at Johnston.

HARRISBURG, PA., Sept. 10.—The Cambria Iron Company at Johnston, has asked Governor Pattison to commission 185 policemen for the protection of its property which is spread over a wide area and subject to the depredations of the company who are opposed to the policy of the company in not employing Knights of Labor. The policemen of Governor Pattison grants the petition to be commissioned under an act of the Legislature, and will be the cost of the company. No immediate trouble is feared.

## Stone Moulders Strike.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 10.—A general strike of stone moulders employed in the city occurred this morning. Representatives of the Stone Moulders' Association of the Knights of Labor will confer with a committee from the manufacturers' association Monday. The busy season is fairly commenced, and manufacturers have plenty of orders.

## Express Companies Combined.

MONTREAL, Sept. 10.—The United States and Canada Express Company has been absorbed by the American Express Company. The United States and Canada Express was an organization carrying express matter between Montreal and New England points. The American Express Company, at the Quebec point, has been greatly augmented by a judicious use of printer's ink. For information concerning the best way to advertise send for "Newspaper Advertising" to George E. Rowell & Co., 105 Spruce Street, New York.

## Short List Sweet.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 10.—William Rotherham, a druggist, has disappeared, leaving liabilities estimated at \$12,000. The Sheriff occupies his establishment.

# HORRIBLE MASSACRE.

OF TONGVIN CHRISTIANS.

Seven Hundred People Murdered by the Unfeeling Idolaters—Forty Villages Burned and Nine Thousand People Homeless.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—A dispatch has been received from Tongvin saying that 700 Christians have been massacred and forty villages burned in the Province of Manbo, and that 9,000 Christians are perishing of hunger.

## ENGLAND ON HER EAR.

She Resents Russia's Action—What the People Say.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 10.—The Novoye Vremya says: "Of all the signers of the Berlin treaty, England alone appears inclined to oppose Russia's Bulgarian policy. Russia must know whether England's intention is serious in order to prepare herself to take measures accordingly, as Russia will not be brought to a standstill by England's veto."

## The Journal of St. Petersburg Says:

"Prince Alexander's proclamation of departure contains a mention of alleged Russian assurances given to him. For reasons useless to discuss, Russia could not make any engagement with Prince Alexander. In view, however, of the party struggle in Bulgaria and the agitation of the public mind which the proclamation has caused, the Russian agents in Bulgaria have been instructed to inform the Bulgarian people that Russia is disposed to exert her influence to establish party concord and restore quiet. Russia will not withhold her support from any legally constituted provisional government guided by non-partisan interests and devoted to the general welfare. Russia is willing to apply herself to the task of removing dissensions, from the painful consequences of which Bulgaria has already suffered too much. Russia hopes that the Bulgarian nation and her representatives will be able to appreciate these counsels and act accordingly."

## Vienna, Sept. 10.—The Neue Freie Presse

publishes a dispatch from Sofia which states that the officers of the Bulgarian army stationed there met yesterday and adopted resolutions pledging themselves to support the Russian Emperor, and expressed themselves as confident that he would return to Bulgaria. The dispatch further says that a major and two captains of the Plovdiv regiment, supported by the soldiers of the regiment, had joined in a plot to prevent Alexander from leaving Bulgaria. The leaders in this conspiracy, the Neue Freie Presse adds, were placed under arrest, but were released after his departure.

## At Washington, D. C.—Philadelphia,

Washington, D. C., Sept. 10.—Philadelphia, Sept. 10.—Earned runs, Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 4. Errors, Philadelphia, 1; Washington, 3.